TRUE SENTIMENT OF INDIANA

By reference to the resolutions adopted by the democratic State convention, as published in this morning's impression, it will appear that no such resolution is embraced in the series as that given in the National Intelligencer of yesterday morning, which was communicated to it specially by telegraph. From a gentleman who was present at the convention we have learned the facts concerning this matter, which we lay before our readers in advance of the receipt of the official report of the proceedings. No other resolutions than those embraced in the series we publish to-day were adopted by the convention. These vere reported by the committee on resolutions, and, we understand, were endorsed by the convention eithout any change.

The old democratic State officers were renominated. with one exception—the superintendent of public instruction. It appears that one of these officers was "a Douglas man." to use the phraseology of the day, and that he declined the nomination because he could not approve the resolutions. His declination, received shortly before the convention proposed to adjourn, made it necessary to hold an extra session at night. Many of the delegates had already left for their homes. The malcontents had been thoroughly beaten in every tost vote in convention during the day, but at the adjourned session they undertook to reverse the action of the full convention. At a very late hour they did succeed in pas sing the resolution as printed in the National Latelligencer, but by a simulated vote. We submit, however, that this resolution, passed under such circumstances, cannot be accepted for a moment as the true expression of the sentiments of the convention in opposition to the series formally reported by its committee and ratified in full session. The eagerness with which the National Intellige

lays this particular resolution before its readers taken in connexion with its mere mention-equiva lent to a suppression-of the first despatch which reached this city through the agency of the Associated Press, on Friday night, indicates pretty decidedly its proclivities at the present moment. Rumore are rife that a new Douglas organ is proposed to be started either here or in New York; a necessity for its establishment no longer exists; the Intelligencer has taken Mr. Douglas under its watchful care. May we not fairly construe this readiness to come to his rescue, this reluctance to present the evidence that the democratic party sustain the position of the President on the Kansas question, as in dicative of a desire that the question shall not be closed; that it shall, on the contrary, be kept open and Kansas be kept out of the Union to promote po litical ends? We submit, further, that it is about time the Intelligencer had disavowed its position of assumed neutrality, and ceased to indulge in captious cavilling. Does the Intelligencer sustain the position of the President on the Kansas question, or it opposed to the admission of Kansas into the Union under the Lecompton constitution? No one knows what position our respected contemporary holds on this question, except through uncertain and conive-

INDIANA DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

We have not yet received an official report of the proceedings of the Indiana democratic State convention, held at Indianapolis on the 8th instant, but a correspondent from that city, writing on the evening of that day, furnishes us with the substance of the proceedings and a copy of the resolutions adopt-The convention "was the largest, and more fully represented the democracy of Indiana than any held for many years." Governor Willard was chosen to preside over the convention, "a gentleman," says our correspondent, "well known to stand inflexibly with the administration thus far in all its positions and recommendations." The resolutions are sound, conservative, and practical, and it will be seen specifically endorse the present democratic administration. Nothing less than this was anticipated as the action of the democracy of Indiana.

The old State ticket, with the exception of the s perintendent of public instruction, was nominated. Samuel Rugg, of Adams county, having been selected succeed Prof Larraha in that office

On the evening of the 7th a mass meeting of the elegates to the convention was held in the representatives hall of the capitol, of which we find a pretty account in the Sentinel of the 8th. Joseph W. Chapman, esq., was called to the chair. The meeting was addressed first by Hon, W. B. Beach, ably sustaining the administration with reference to its Kansas policy Hon. John Pettit then followed, trinmphantly vindica ting the principles of the late presidential message with regard not only to Kansus, but to every other Territory. Hon, Henry Secrest and Hon, Robert Lowry then ad dressed the assemblage in opposition to the admission of Kansas with the Lecompton constitution They were followed by Hon. James Hughes, M. C. who made " an able argument in support of the doc trine of non-intervention with reference to the Territories as enacted in the Kansas-Nebraska act, and enunciated in the President's message." John G. Davis followed Mr, Hughes in opposition to his positions. Governor Willard then offered some exceedingly well-timed remarks, and the discussion was closed by a short speech from Hon. Lewis Wallace.

The democratic party of Indiana, in delegate State conrention assembled, make and publish the following reso

1. Resolved, That the constitution of the United States, and every part thereof, together with the laws of Congress in aid of its wise and patriotic provisions, commands and receives our cordial devotion and support.

2. Resolved, That we recognise in the early doctrines of the republic an absolute and entire equality among the States of this Union, and among the citizens of the several States, as respects all the rights and privileges which make American citizenship valuable, and to these decreases we now snew niedge ourselves and the faith of our trines we now anew pledge ourselves and the faith of

Resolved, That for Indiana we assert the right to maintain and control her domestic institutions in her own way, subject only to the constitution of the United States, and what we claim for ourselves we concode to

4. Resolved, That the right of the people of any State this Union to mould their laws and institutions suit themselves, and not others, being an unquestion-right, it follows that the manner in which they perto suit themselves, and not others, being an inequationed right, it follows that the manner in which they perform this high duty to themselves is not a proper subject for the dictation of any sister State or of all the States of the confederacy in Congress assembled, save only that the constitution and the laws of the United States shall not

be violated.

5. Resolved, That we endorse and reaffirm the platform laid down by the National Democratic Convention of 1856, as habodying the spirit and the letter of the law of our political gravitation, which constitutes the Union as it is, holds each State in its own particular sphere, and reduces the theory of self-government to a practical resulty.

oleed, That we disc endorse and reaffirm the plat-

tion of the 8th of January, 1856; and we hall the rich memories of past victories achieved upon its principles as bright omens to cheer us in the campaign of 1858.

7. Received, That in the late decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, known as the Dred Scott decision, we recognise a legal exposition of the doctrines of the constitution of the United States and of the State of Indiana, and we hereby denounce and hold up to the universal execution and scorn of all loyal American citizens the loathsome doctrine of "negro equality" now sustained and endorsed by the so-called republican party of Indiana, as a natural and inevitable consequence of their opana, as a natural and inevitable consequence of their position to the decision of the Supreme Court about

8. Resolved. That the unanimous action of the democratic members of the last Indiana legislature in the election of senators in Congress is by the democratic party of Indiana cordially approved, fully endorsed, and firmly sustained; and that Jesse D. Bright and Graham N. Fitch, the senators elect, are worthy the high position in which they were unanimously placed by their party.

9. Resolved, That we arraign the black republican party of Indiana before the people for sustaining the members of that party in the last legislature of this State in the commission of the following enormous outrages upon public and private rights:

1st. Creating a revolution in the first step towards the organization of the senate, and violating the constitution and the law by attempting to supplant the legal presiding officer of that body with one of their own number.

2d. Refusing, in open defiance of the constitution and in flagrant violation of their oaths, to meet in joint convention and be present at the canvass of votes for governor and liautenant governor when counted by the speaker of the house of representatives.

3d. Meeting without a quorum and without a presiding of county, and exhelling the senator from Clark county.

er of the house of representatives.

3d. Meeting without a quorum and without a presiding officer, and expelling the senator from Clark county, thereby making a mockery of the constitution, breaking their oaths as senators, and in all their councils calling to their aid the evil spirit of anarchy, which has in every age involved nations in bloodshed and overthrow.

4th. Voting more than one hundred times by a strict party vote against appropriating money to defray the expenses of the benevolent institutions of the State, thereby closing the doors of charity and sending the deaf, the dumb, the blind, and the insane abroad in the world without that protection which humanity dictates and Indiana gives to them.

without that protection which humanity dictates and Indiana gives to them.

5th. Voting more than one hundred times by a strict
party vote against a revenue bill and an assessment bill,
thereby attempting to prostrate the State government, to
bring her into dishonor at home and abroad by failing to
pay the interest on the State debt, as provided for and
made obligatory by the constitution, and inflicting other
and most grievous injustice upon her citizens.

6th. Refusing to join and assist in the election of senators in Congress, thereby setting at naught the will of
the majority of the voters of Indiana, as expressed at the
ballot-box October 14, 1856.

7th. Attempting, as far as in their power lay, to legalize gross, palpable, and wicked frauds upon the elective
franchise; recognising and receiving from the counties, of
Rush, Fountain, and Marion persons as senators conclusively proven in legal investigations to have been elected
by illegal, hired, and perjured voters; stiffing the voice
of inquiry into their pretended and nsurped right to their
scats as senators, in the face of legally-instituted contests
in each instance. Thus alone enabling the party to

of inquiry into their pretended and usurped right to their seats as senators, in the face of legally-instituted contests in each instance. Thus alone enabling the party to which the said spurious and illegally-elected senators belonged, to inflict their spirit of misrule upon the State; and finally sending forth to the world a forgery upon the journals of the senate by which to cover up their high-handed villany, and avert from themselves if possible the just indignation of all honest men.

For the foregoing and other crimes against the constitution, the laws, public virtue, the popular will, and good government, we ask the trial of the so-called republican party, before a jury of the people of Indiana in the coming canvass, and for judgment against them at the polls in October, 1858.

10. Resolved, That James Buchanan was the first choice of the democracy of Indiana for the chief magistracy of this republic at the nominating convention in June, 1856, and of the people of the State at the ballot-box in the ensuing November, and nothing which he has done since his elevation to the high position which he now occupies has a bated or diminished our confidence in his ability, integrity, patriotism, and statesmanlike qualities, and we cordially approve and endorse his administration.

11. Resolved, That we endorse and approve the administration of our State government as conducted by Ashbel P. Willard, the hero of the fierce-fought fight of 1856.

11. Resolved. That we endorse and approve the administration of our State government as conducted by Ashbel P. Willard, the hero of the fierce-fought fight of 1856.
12. Resolved. That harmony being essential to the strength and support of the democratic party, we take for our motto "The union of the democratic party for the sake of the Union of the States."

HON. A. C. DODGE, MINISTER TO SPAIN.

The following is the closing paragraph of W. C. Bryant's last letter from Madrid to the New York Evening Post :

leave it with a certain sadiess, as a place in which I have found much to entertain and interest me, and in which I have been treated with much kindness both by Spaniards and my own countrymen. Of the people of the country I ought to carry away a most favorable impression, if such an inapression could be produced by unwearied endeavors, with apparently no motive but simple benevotenous to make our stay agreeable. The American minister. to make our stay agreeable. The American minister, Mr. Dodge, is very attentive to the convenience of his countrymen, and a great favorite with such of them as come to Madrid. He is on excellent terms also with the people of the country, and has done what I think few of his predecessors have taken the trouble to do—acquired their language."

From a correspondence published in the Richnond Enquirer, we learn that Hon. R. M. T. Hunter has accepted the invitation to deliver an oration on the 22d of February next, upon the inauguration of the Washington statue at Richmond. Messrs, James Barron Hope and Jno. R. Thompson will recite odes on the same occasion. Mr. Hunter's note of acceptance is as follows:

WASHINGTON, Jan 6, 1858. DEAR SIR: I received, some time since, your letter informing me that the governor and the commissioners of the Washington monument of Virginia had honored me with an invitation to deliver the address on the 22d of February, when the statue is to be raised. I accept the invitation with a grateful appreciation of the high compliment which has been paid me.

With great respect, your obedient servant,

G. A. Mykns, Esq., Secretary of Commissioners.

LIGHT-HOUSE ANNOUNCEMENT.

Frying-Pan Shoals light-vessel, off Cape Fear, North Carolina, has been thoroughly repaired, and be-tween the 1st and 5th instant was moored as near her old position as was practicable.

A fixed white light, placed at an elevation of about 230 feet above the mean level of the soa, visible from the deck of a ship a distance of 21 miles, was to have been shown in the tower recently erected on the holm or islet, called Muckle Fluggs, at the north end of the sland of Unet, forming the northwestern extremity of

After the 10th of November last, two new lights wer o have been shown on the northwest coast of Scotland viz : a white fixed light at Isle Crusay, in Sleat Sound, or Sound of Skye, 58 feet above the sea, visible at a dis-tance of 12 miles; and a fixed light in the sound of Mull, Argyleshire, at a height of 55 feet, visible about

Descriptor Dr. Knox.—The New York papers an once the decease in that city on the 8th instant of the Rev. Dr. Knox, for over forty years settled as a minister of the Collegiate Dutch Reformed Church of tha city. He has ever been remarkable as a fearless and carnest preacher, an upright man, and a most faithful and devoted paster. No paster was ever more generally

Professor W. S. Martin, of Washington College, Penn sylvania, has been elected professor of chemistry, mineralogy, and geology in the University of North Caro lina, to succeed the late Rev. Dr. Mitchell.

National Triagraph Line.—The wires of the national line, running from New York to New Orleans, a distance of about 2,000 miles, were connected through on Friday night, and a large number of messages transmitted to and from each city direct, and without the sid of "repeaters." No similar feat, it is believed, was ever performed in this country or in Europe, and the result would seem to demonstrate beyond all doubt the entire practicability of transmitting despatches across the Atlantic.

tion of the 8th of January, 1856; and we hall the rich THE WALKER RESOLUTIONS IN THE VIRGINIA

To the Editor of the Union: Touching the resolutions recently offered in the legisle ture now in session here, in regard to the arrest of Gen Waiker and his men in Nicaragua by Commodore Pauld ng, I can tender you the best assurance that they can ot by possibility be carried in either branch of the gen eral assembly. The most that can be done in the prem es will be to pass a resolution simply declaring the seiare illegal; nothing more. I venture to predict that the dutions will never be gotten from the table, unless the movers pledge thomselves in advance to submit ma erial modifications. As for securing the approbation of odore Paulding, or of any resolution censuring the ad-inistration, it is out of the question.

So far as I am informed of the sentiment of the legilature, I am confident it is adverse to fillibustering, and decidedly favorable to a rigid execution of the neutrality laws, so long as they remain on the statute-book.

As to the amount of censure to be visited upon Com-nodore Paulding, a large majority of those with whom l have conversed—and my conference on the subject has been extensive—think it is a matter that ought to be left the sound discretion of the President and his advisers, who best know the whole circumstances of the case, and who are therefore the best judges what is the proper acion to be taken. Surely, to one who has given so many vidences of conservative caution and of sound wisdon he whole subject may be safely confided.

There are many, too, who are opposed to the introdu properly belong to the State legislatures, but exclusively to the federal authorities; so that there is not the remotest prospect of the passage of the resolutions. In the form which they were offered, and as they now stand, I am convinced they could not command a dozen votes in the two branches of assembly together.

If there had been any doubt before, there can be non-

now that the late message of the President to the Senate has been received and read. It is so clear and sound in its positions that no one can assail it, except the reckless fi libuster, who is impatient of the wiser, and more quiet, and more honorable policy proposed by the President for the Americanization of the Isthmus, and who, in his semi-fanatic zeal for such Americanization, is willing to accomplish his end at the expense of the laws of the land and the good faith and honor of the nation.

"PUBLIC LECTURE.—The Rev. Byron Sunderland will deliver a lecture before the Washington Art Association this (Tuesday) evening, January 12, at 7% o'clock. The public are in titled to attent.

United States Patent Office,

ON the petition of Palmer Sumner, of New York praying for the extension of a patent granted to him on the 20th of april, 1844, for an improvement in "metallic laths," for seven years from the expiration of said ratent, which takes place on the 25th day of April, 1858—

h day of April, 1838.—
It is ordered that the said petition be heard at the Patent Office on day, the 12th of April next, at 12 o'clock, m.; and all persons notified to appear and show cause, if any they have, why said persons ought not to be granted.

ersons opposing the extension are required to file in the Patent Of their objections, specially set forth in writing, at least twenty v before the day of learning. All testimeny filed by either party oues of the arms of the order of the cused at the said hearing must be taken and transmitted in acance with the rules of the office, which will be furnished on apition.

cation.
The testimony in the case will be closed on the 27th of Marchpositions, and other papers relied upon as testimony, must be filed
the office on or before the morning of that day; the arguments,
any, within ten days thereafter.
Ordered, also, that this notice be published in the Union, Washgion, D. C., and Duly News, New York; once a week for three sucastre weeks previous to the 12th of April next, the day of hear-

JOS. HOLT, P. S.—Editors of the above papers will please copy, and send the alls to the Patent Office, with a paper containing this notice. Jan 12—1aw3w

a circuit court held for Augusta county on the 25th November, 1851

nas J. Michie, administrator de bonis non of John Borden, deceas ed, plaintiff, against John Borden a distributees, defendants. THIS cause this day came to be heard upon the bill, the order of publication against the representatives and distributees of John Borden, decased, (whose names and residences are therein said to be unknown), duly excerted, and was argued by counsel. On consideration whereof by the court, it is for the present adjudged, ordered, and decreed that this cause be referred to Commissioner Nicholas K. Trout, whose duty it shall be to take and rewer the following accounts.

missioner Accounts:

1st. An account of the administration of Thomas J. Michie, administrator de bonis non of John Borden, deceased, upon the estate of h

trator de bonis non of John Borden, deceased, upon the estate of his said intestate.

24. An account showing the number, names, and readences of the distributes and heira-t-law of said John Borden, deceased. And, 3d. An account distributing among the heirs and representatives of said Borden, deceased, any balance that may be found due and distributable is the hands of the administrator de tenis non, Michie, upon settlement of his general administrator de tenis non, Michie, upon settlement of his general administrator de tenis non, Michie, the commissioner is authorized to call, for the necessary information by advertisement in the Weckly Union newspaper, published in the city of Washington, and in such prominent southern and western newspapers as he may deem expedient.

All of these accounts said commissioner is directed to take, state, settle, and report to this court at the next term, together with any matters specially stated, deemed pertinent by himself, or required by any of the parties interested, to be so stated.

N. C. KINNIZ, Clerk.

NOTICE TO THE HEIRS, &c., OF JOHN BORDEN, DECEASED

I have fixed Monday, the 1st day of March next, at my office Staunton, Virginia, for executing the foregoing decree; when a where the distributes and beirs of John Bordon, deceased, will po-sent proper evidence of their right to share in the distribution, and their respective names, residences, &c. as required by the decree. NCHO &. TROUT, Commissioner.

TO THE CITIZENS OF WASHINGTON.

Wolfe's Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps. The proprietor begs leave to call the attention of strangers and the citizens of Washington to a very superior article of Holland gin, which he introduced to the American public under the name of Wolfe's Schie-

am Aromatic Schnapps.

This gin is manufactured by the proprietor exclusively at his disting in Schiedam, Holland. It is made from the best barley that ca This gin is manufactured by the proprietor excusively at his distin-ery in Schlodam, Holiand. It is made from the best barley that can be procured in Europe at any cost, and flavored and medicated, not by the common harsh berry, but by the most choice bottanical variety of the aromatic Balain juniper berry, whose more visions extract is dis-tilled and rectified with its spirituous solvent, and thus becomes a conrated tincture of exquisite flavor and aroms, altogether transcend-nits cordial and medicinal properties any alcoholic beverage

heretofore known.

The proprietor has submitted it to nearly the whole medical faculty of the United States, and has received answers from about four thousand physicians and chemists, who endorse it, over their signatures, as a most desirable addition to the materia medica.

Persons who purchase should be careful to get the genuine article, as the whole country is fleeded with counterfeits and imitations.

Pet up in quart and pint bottles, in cases of one dozen each, and for

ale by all the respectable droggists and grocers in the United States.

UDOLPHO WOLFE.

Sole Importer and Manufacturer, Depot No. 22 Beaver street, New York

SEVERAL new leaves turned over, and expressed in the language of a friend, which we adopt;

"We beg respectfully to state to customers keeping accounts with us that, in consequence of the continued derangement in financial matters, and the general shortening of credits, we feel obliged to make a change in terms of settlement of many parties who deal with us.

"We will insist strictly on the payment in cash of all accounts made after this date, when rendered. No settlement in any other mode than a cash payment will be acceptable; and say account not settled promptly will be discontinued.

"Nothing will hereafter be charged to persons who may hereisotore

has a cash payment will be acceptable, and any access to the acceptable and a cash payment will be discontinued.

Nothing will herefiter be charged to persons who may heretefore have had a few small items charged occasionally, without its being considered by either party a regular account. Long experience has shown us that such bills are by far the most difficult to collect. We will also decline to open accounts with parties (no matter how responsible) who have not inserteforce had a regular account with us.

To the great number of our customers who have always paid their bills with the utmost promptness the above remarks can in no way and are not intended to apply. To such we return our thanks, and will endeavor to render their visits to our store both pleasant and ad-

PERRY & BROTHER,

THE TURNER LEGACY. Messrs. Taylor & Maury have the honor to announce that they have just received from ton a series of fac-simile water-color drawings by the best English its, from the original pictures and drawings by the late J. W. M. er, R. A., in the above collection, the property of the Knglish nanow exhibiting at Martborough Hows. London.

30, Simpson's celebrated historical painting of the Resistation for Arctic Ship Resolute by the people of the United States to her sty the Queen of England, at Cowes, December 11, 4856 consist Moses-Carlot States to her sty the Queen's middlers. Mose to her sty the Queen's middlers. Mose to her sty the Queen's middlers. the Arctic Ship Resolute by the people of the United States to her Majosty the Queen of England, at Cowes, December 11, 45th consigned to Messes. Taylor & Maury by the Queen's publishers, Messes to Messes. Taylor & Maury by the Queen's publishers, Messes On exhibition at No. 322 Pennsylvania avenue, over Messes. Wall, taphens, & Co's store. (Hours from 10, a. m., to 8, p. m.)

Hon. J. Glancy Jones were likewise serenaded at their respective residences.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE BATTLE OF NEW ORLEANS.

The forty-fourth anniversary of the glorious battle of New Orleans was celebrated with the appropriate honors this city on Friday last. Both houses of Congress had outned over till Monday in honor of the event and of the nemory of the hero of the battle, the immortal Andrew Jackson. The Jackson Democratic Association celebrated the anniversary by a public meeting at the Philharmonic bounteous supper. Many of the prominent democrats of the city and of the Union participated in the celebration, and the proceedings were characterized throughout by

good feeling and true national spirit.

The meeting was called to order by Mr. Francis McNer hany, who, in the absence of the president and vice president of the association, proposed as chairman Dr. Wm. Jones, the oldest member of the Jackson Democratic Association of this city. The nomination was unanimously ratified, and Dr. Jones took the chair. He briefly re ned thanks for the honor done him, remarking that he had been present at the first celebration in this city of the battle of New Orleans, and at most of the subsequent cel-On motion of Mr. Wm. Flinn, Col. D. M. Bull and

Mr. Francis McNerhany were appointed vice presidents, and Messra J. F. Ennis and William Hinks, jr., secre-

Eloquent and appropriate speeches were delivered by the Hon. Wm. Barksdale, of Mississippi; Hon. I. J. Stevens, of Washington Territory; Mesars. Wm. J. Rose of New York, Bowle of Montgomery county, Md., and J. E. Norris of Virginia. The speaking was interspersed with music by Withers's cornet band.

The following letters, received by the committee of in vitations from distinguished gentlemen who were unable to be present, were read : WASHINGTON CITY, Jan 7, 1858

Generation: I am directed by the President to acknowledge the receipt of your invitation to him to be present at the celebration of the "anniversary of the memorable victory achieved at New Orleans," and to say that he regrets that pressing engagements will deprive him of the pleasure of accepting it.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

Private Secretary.

Messrs. John E. Norris, C. Edelen, John Davis, and

Washington City, Jan. 7, 1858 Washington City, Jan. 7, 1858.

Gentlemen: In answer to your letter of this morning inviting me to be present and deliver a speech on the occasion of the celebration of the 8th of January by the Jackson Democratic Association of Washington city, 1 have to express the deep interest which every patriotic American must feel at each return of that day, and my regret that indispensable duties will deny me the pleasure of taking part in the celebration.

Your friend and obedient servant,

JOHN C. BEECKINRIDGE

JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE.
JOHN E. NORRIS, E. EDELKN, and others, Committee.

Washington, Jan. 7, 1858.

Gentlemin: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of this date, requesting me to address the Jackson Democratic Association on the 8th instant, the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans.

Fregret that prior engagements will preclude the possibility of my accepting your polite invitation.

Trusting that your meeting and proceedings may be worthy of the great event you are to celebrate, I subscribe myself, very respectfully, your obedient servant, JAMES L. ORR.

Messis J. E. Norris, E. Edeley, Jno. Davis, Daviel.

Washington, January 6, 1858 Gentlemen: While I thank you for the invitation to attend your proposed celebration of the approaching anniversary of the battle of New Orleans, I am yet compelled to decline it, as it will be out of my power to be with you upon that interesting occasion.

I am, gentlemen, respectfully yours,

LEWIS CASS.

John E. Norris, Esq., and others, Commi

Wasursone, January 8, 1858.

GENTLEMEN: The extreme pressure of my public duties has compelled me to defer replying to your polite invitation until this morning. I regret that it will not be in my power to unite with you in celebrating the interesting event in our history of which this day is the anniversary.

Accept, gentlemen, for yourselves, and for the association you represent, my thanks for your attention.

I am, very truly, your friend, AARON V. BROWN. DANIEL RADCLIFFE, Esq., and others, Committee.

January 8, 1858.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter inviting me to attend and address a meeting of the members of the Jackson Association on the occasion of the celebration of the anniversary of the brilliant victory achieved by American arms under Gen. Jackson. I regret that I am unable to accept an invitation so cordially tenderal.

guished dead rendered in behalf of their country. It is a grateful acknowledgment of a living to a past age, and it teaches posterity that the highest ambition of the citi-

zen should be to promote the public welfare.

The battle of New Orleans was not only a great achievement in American arms, but it was productive of endless benefits to our country, in teaching Europe the mettle and effective force of a citizen soldiery. The hero who led these forces embalmed his name and memory in the affective force of the citizen soldiery. these forces embalmed his name and memory in the affections of his countrymen. In accordance with the true spirit of Americans, they conferred upon him the highest office in their gift, looking for a development of the same high qualities in his civil which they had found in his military life. In this they were not disappointed; and the name of Jackson, the military chieftain, finds no rivalry except in Jackson, the civilian and Chief Magistrate of his country. In feeling and spirit I shall be with you in all you can do or say in honor of General Jackson and the victory at New Orleans.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant. J. GLANCY JONES rs. John E. Norris, D. Radchiffs, and others, Com-

The company then proceeded to the table, where comptuous supper, embracing all the delicacies of the ceason, awaited them. Ample justice having been done o the good things provided for the occasion, a number of volunteer toasts were proposed and heartily responded to Amongst them were the following:

By Wm. Flinn—The President of the United States. By Geo. E. Kirk—Lewis Cass. Major S. L. Lewis—The president of the evening

r. Wm. Jones.

By J. C. Edelin—The invincible democracy.

By John Hollohan—The Vice President of the United

tates.

By Mr. John Serra.—The Great State of New York and her Invincible Democracy: Temporary defeat added lustre to her crowning triumph.

Mr. Rose was called upon to respond. He spoke of the enthusiasm with which New York had embraced the iministration of Mr. Buchanan, and the gallant manner with which a vote of 89,000 recorded against he Spartan democracy in 1856 had, under the spell of a statesman President's name, been converted into a glorious majority of nearly 20,000 in its favor in Novembe

By Mr. J. Rose of New York - Washington City. th apital of the American Union: Her citizens are capital clows, and know how to give capital entertainments! By Thomas Champion—James Buchanan and his Cabi

By Thomas Champion—James 100 and 1 true men.

By D. M. Bull—The Keystone: Has given to the country a model President, to the Senate a Bigler, and to the House J. Glancy Jones—a phalanx of wisdom, talent, and ability—let the discordant elements of the North and the South vent its fury; with such counsel the Union is

safe.

By Thomas Champion, esq. — Here is, first, to all men opposed to sectionalism; second, that all nations may be speedily enfranchised; third, that all men may sit under their own vine and fruit trees. At the close of the festivities, a procession was formed and proceeded, accompanied by the band, to the White House, where a serenade was given to the President, who LOCAL NEWS.

UNITED STATES AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. Hors. Me Wilder, of Boston, president of the United States Agricultural fociety, with several other prominent members, arrived in the city last evening, and are at the Na

tional Hotel.

The sixth annual meeting of the society will be held at the Smithsonian Institution, (the use of the fine accommodations there having again been liberally tendered,) commencing on Wednesday morning, at nine
o'clock. After the annual address of the president, the
Chings sugar cane will be discussed, gentlemen who have
experimented with it extensively opening the debate.

The business office of the society, in Todd's marble sidding, (next to Brown's Hotel,) up stairs, is open during the day and evening. Among the delegati

New York State Agricultural Society—A. S. Upham, Wm. Kelly, Henry Wager, Lewis G. Morris, Erastus Corning, S. M. Burroughs, Herman Wendell, B. E. Bowen, B. C. Dipple, E. G. Faile, C. S. Walnwright, E. Corning, jr., Samuel Thorne, B. B. Kirtland, B. P. Johnson, C. B.

Hoard.
Norfolk County Massachusetts Agricultural Society—Linu
M. Comins, Arthur W. Austin, Wm. S. Damrell.
Michigan Agricultural College—Joseph R. Williams.
It will be seen by the published card of the society,
which will be found on the first page of this paper, that

ed in the equisition and diffusion of agricultural knowledge to attend the meeting of the society, and to participate in the proceedings. Georgerown Marters. - Workmen are engaged in roo

ing the new custom-house with corrigated iron, supported on an iron frame work. Mr. Corcoran's new monument Oak Hill Cemetery, attracts many visitors. A De Bodisco is on the way from New York. The ne ridge over the Potomac at the Little Falls will be oper for travel by the first of February. The total receipt into the treasury for 1857 amounted to \$56,109 36, and the total expenditures to \$47,261 47, leaving a balance on hand of \$8,847 89. The indebtedness of the corpo-ration in 1856, which has been discharged in 1857, amounted to \$12,301 44.

THE REPORTERS' GALLERY. The scats in the new r porters' gallery of the House of Representatives were yeterday allotted, by direction of Mr. Speaker Orr, and gav general satisfaction to the "gentlemen of the press. legraph office has been established in the ante-room the reporters' gallery, which adds much to the conve-nience of those who send news "over the wires."

THE THEATER is now completely finished, and is a fast mable resort, as the performances close at an early hour, enabling those who are present to afterwards attend the numerous private balls and receptions of "the season." The bill for this evening is an excellent one, and well cal-culated to display the talents of the company.

THE ORPHANS' FAIR has been removed to Iron Hall, Pennsylvania avenue. As nearly one hundred and fifty orphan girls are depending upon the result of this fair for the necessities of life, it is hoped that it will be lib-

Negro Meloptes are in the ascendency just now, as company of twelve "minstrels" give nightly concerts, while the "Black Swan" advertises that she will warble on Thursday evening.

THE WEATHER yesterday was wet, dismal, and dreary, although the storm has probably favored those in the ore northern latitudes with snow enough to make good

oncluded the argument for the claimant in the case of Mary W. Thompson, and the case was submitted.

Mr. Blair resumed the argument in the case of John L. Wirt, and, on concluding, the court adjourned until to

CRIMINAL COURT - Benjamin Woods, indicted for nurder of Samuel Brown, (colored,) was found guilty of 'manslaughter," under the instructions given to the

SHILLINGTON, that indefatigable caterer for the reading public, has a large supply of English periodical literature, received by the last steamer. LECTURE OR ART. The Rev. Byron Sunderland, of this

city, will deliver a lecture on art this evening, at Corco an's Building, commencing at half-past seven. ALARMS OF FIRE. - There were three alarms of fire of unday night, calling out the engine companies, and

keeping the citizens awake. John Mirchell's New Paper, the "Southern Citizen on sale at Adamson's, 7th street, opposite the city post

PHOTOGRAPH OIL PAINTINGS.

PROFESSOR J. E. CHURCHILL, Artist, respectively returns thanks to his friends and patrons for past encouragement, and solicits a continuance of the same.

Sunito at McCartey's Gallery, No. 448 Pennsylvanis avenue, three

EVENING FANS, HEAD PINS, &c.-Just received a choice assertment of pearl, ivery, and other st ng dress fans. o, a large assertment of the nowest styles head pins, &c. M. W. GALT & BRO., Jewellers., 224 Penn. avenue, between 9th and 10th stre

DURE LINEN GOODS .- Table diapers and dam asks, in all widths and grades.
Sheetings and pillow linens of the proper qualities and widths.
Napkins, towels, doylies, and towelings, in great profus

heice styles.

300 pieces superior Irish linens.

The year amount of pure linengoods annually passing threat amount of pure linengoods annually passing threat styles. ible price.
One price oply marked in plain figures.
We are obliged to insist on all bills rendered being paid before cinning new ones, or our business would soon reach an amount.

A TWOODS MILLS COTTONS

A TWOODS MILLS COTTONS—
160 pieces "Atwoods Mills Cottons," regarded very superior.
170: 123, cents per yard.
600 pieces superior shirting and sheeting cottons, of all the best brands preduced in the Union.
100 pieces pure Irish lineas, all numbers, the best of which are made in Ireland to our order.
Table damasks, diapers, Napkins, doybes, towels, and blankets, of all the best qualities, at most moderate rates.
One price only: hence no person is over charged.
We are not opening any new bills.

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PERRY & BROTHER,
"Central Stores," west building,
opposite Centre Market

TERY desirable furnished house for rent. subscriber has for rent a large and handsomely furnished containing ten large reems, with water and gas throughout stable, with accommodations for four horses and two carriages This property is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Kirkwood louse, and is very desirable as a residence.

[AS C. MeGUIRE]

JAS. C. McGUIRE.
Auction and Commission March

ORPHANS' FAIR removed to Iron Hall, Pennsyl

A RTICLES WE OFFER AT LOW PRICES

All our vast stock of the sites, roles, and other the good.

All our entire stock of embroderies. Our entire stock of shawls, which is very large and thorosonorted the object is to make room for large spring supplies. In or price only, marked in piles figures; consequently a hancer is overcharged.

Good articles few prices, and fair dealing may be rolled on

od.

prices, and fair dealing may be relied on in all
PERMY & HallyTHEM.

**Central bloccs," west building.

Opposite Central Starcet.

SPIANNY TELEGRAPH. TEL

Ges. Walker. — Virginia Legislature.

Richison, Jan. 11.—General Walker is here as the uest of Roger A. Pryor.

A meeting of the democrats in the legislature is held-night to take action relative to Gov. Wise's letter to

to might to take action relative to Gov. Wise's letter to the Tammany Society.

Resolutions were offered in the legislature to-day re-questing the members of Congress and instructing the senators to endeavor to procure the admission of Kaussa under the Lecompton constitution. The resolutions was ordered to be printed.

New York, Jan. 11.—The Seaview House, at the Highlands of Neversink, where the murder of Moses was committed, was destroyed by fire last night. It was undoubtedly the act of an incendiary.

Acousta, Jan. 10.—Seven men, negroes, were scalded to death by molten metal at Cooper's iron furnace, in Cass county, Georgia.

New York, Jan. 11.—Cotton to-day showed an advance of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ cent, with sales of 1,000 bales, sales of the three days were 2,000 bales; Uplands, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ cents—closed firm. No Orleans of Mobile here. Flour declined 5 cents—sales 8,000 bbls.; State, \$4 25 a \$4 30; Ohio, \$4 70 a \$4 91. Wheat firm—sales 18,000 bushels; prices unchanged. Corn firm—sales 1,800 bushels; southern white, \$64 a \$6 cents. Beef heavy, with holders pressing on the market. Pork heavy—mes, \$15. Lard drooping at \$\frac{1}{2}\$ decline. Whiskey declined \$\frac{1}{2}\$ cents. Sugar and coffee steady. Spirits of turpentine steady. Rosin also steady, and unchanged. Freights of flour and grain slightly declined.

Wolfe's Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps.

Marble Manufactures, Tombs, Statuettes, Etc. THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully invites the atten-tion of the public to his large and elegant atock of MARHLES, TOMESTONES, AND MONUMENTS.

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He has in his employ carvers and other especienced werters in fine and coarse marbles, and in every other description of stone.

MARBLE MANTELS OF THE LATEST STYLES, MARRIE MANTELS OF THE LATEST STYLES,

Of his own manufacture, and of superior quality.

LINTIES, DOOR AND MYNIOW SULES, CARRIAGE STEPS, NEW YORK FLASGING, &c.

In fact, everything that is required in the marble and stone business, either for utility or isste for the line arts.

He deems a particular description of his stock unnecessary, but cordially invites a visit to his yard, where every one can judge for himself.

In addition to the above-enumerated gritches he has a number of beautifully wrought statestes, suitable for either the tomb or the garden; some of them imported by himself from Rally. If these pleasant manufactures are strength of the superior of the superior of the particular and the fancy, he will manufacture to order such as may be desired.

By his varied facilities, promptuses, and strict artestion to business he bopes to meet the expectations of his patrons.

Estreet north, between Twenth and Thirteenth streets.

Sep 3—46m

WASHINGTON ART ASSOCIATION. -The Second Annual Exhibition of the Washington Art Association is VV ond Annual Exhibition of the Washington Art Association is now open at the Gallory, on H street, between 13th and 14th streets, com 10, a. m., to 10, p. m. Admission 25 cents. Season tickets Si. To be had at the principal occleators and bottely, and at the deor.

THREE CLASSES OF CUSTOMERS—To two of whom we are under obligations. First, to the vast and rapidly increasing numbers who buy of us for cash; Second, to all those who settle their bills promptly when presented. With increased facilities, experience, and energy, we trust to merit a continuation of their confidence.

To the third class, who settle their bills when it suits their coursenence, we have edity to say that we have decided to dispense with all bills with them in futures.

Right pointuality is the hinge on which all our operations turn. Customers who do not desire their bills presented will please call at our desk for them prior to the lart proxime.

The present financial condition throughout the world will sufficiently explain the necessity that spitus for prompt payment.

We are not opening any new bills. We make this statement to present applications. THREE CLASSES OF CUSTOMERS-To two of

Extensive dealers in dry goods of the best cla "Central Stores," west built proposite Castre ADIES' CLOAKS, choice styles, best quality, at very largely-reduced prices.
Ladies' real Paris kid gloves, very best quality, all since and colors
One price only, no deviation.

GOLD AND SILVER PURCHASED THE BEST RATES, FOREIGN BILLS OF EXCHANGE SOLD ON THE PRINCIPAL POINTS IN EUROPE IN SUMS TO SEIT.

OLD CURRENCY AND VIRGINIA MONEY accounts will be opened for depositors, payable in same funds in gold, charging the current rates. Checks must be marked acceptable. ordingly.
Sight drafts on all the principal cities in the Union sold in sums to

Honds and stocks sold on commission.
Uncurrent money bought and sold.

SWEENY, RITTENHOUSE, PANT, & CO., Dec 4 3m TO THE CITIZENS OF WASHINGTON.

Wolfe's Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps prescribed with great stocess by the medical faculty in gravel, out, chronic rhoumatism, dropsy, dyspopsia, alugaish circulation of the blood, inadequate seminulation of food, and exhausted vital energy. UDOLPHO WOLFE,

Sole importer and Manufacturer, 18, 20, and 22 Beaver street, New York TYEXAS LAND FOR SALE .- 1,280 weres very

choice land in Victoria county, midway between the towns Victoria and Indianola; the railroad from the Gulf to Ban Abstonto rulerough the corner of the tract. The stage complany have the tebrase erected thereon. For information apply to J. J. Coombo, the Washington city, or, by letter, to the subscriber, at Choinnas, on Washington city, or, by letter, to the subscriber, at Choinnas, on Washington city, or, by letter, to the subscriber, at Choinnas, on Washington city, or, by letter, to the subscriber, at Choinnas, on the BARRY GENT'S SHAWLS AND FINE CUT-YELVET

ENT'S SHAWLS AND prices.

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A LL SILKS, ROBES, SHAWLS, CLOAKS, EM-bronderies, &c., &c., well adapted for Christman and New Year's presents, marked in plain figures at their recently-reduced cash

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RECENT and large reductions from the regular prices for all silk goods, shawls, robes, clocks, scarfs, ambroid-orios, and other first class foreign dry goods generally.

It is solitons to favorable an opportunity occurs to make purchase at rates so advantageous to the consumer.

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GEORGE W. BREGA, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELL TOWARD No. 16 Well street, New York.

WOODWARD'S Metropolitan Stove and Grate fectory, No. 318 Pennsylvania avenue, between 19th and 11th